



Vs Tantalum capacitor

- ▶ Short risk solution
- ▶ Moisture-resistant excellence
- ▶ High voltage products available



Vs Polymer capacitor

- ▶ Short risk solution
- ▶ High voltage products available



Vs Electrolytic capacitor

- ▶ Reduce of usage in set due to superior ripple characteristic(Ultra low ESR)
 - Reduce of set failure rate, reduce of set cost, reduce of mounting area (set miniaturization)
- ▶ Superior temperature characteristic








vs MLCC

- ▶ Short risk solution
- ▶ No capacitance reduction by DC BIAS
- ▶ Reduce of usage in set(Capacitance basis)
 - Reduce of set failure rate, reduce of set cost, reduce of mounting area (set miniaturization)

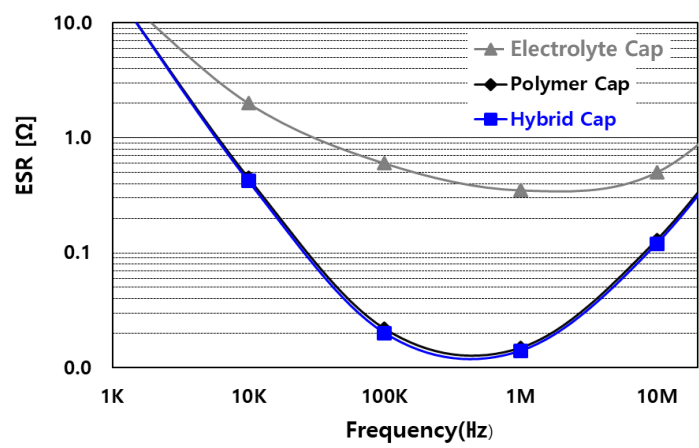
**Why
should I use**

Hybrid Cap?

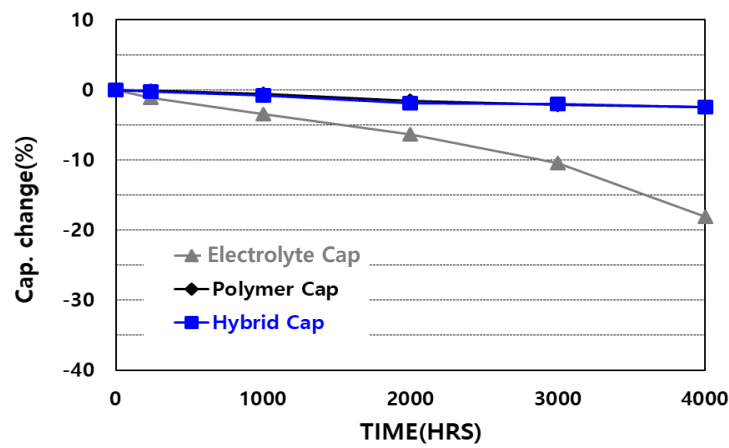
Capacitor comparison

Characteristics	Tantal capacitors		Aluminum Capacitors		
	Tantal	Polymer Tantal	Electrolyte Cap (SMD)	Polymer Al Cap	Hybrid Cap
Electrolyte	MnO ₂	Conductive Polymer	Electrolyte	Conductive Polymer	Liquid Electrolyte, Conductive Polymer
Picture					
Max. Voltage	Weak (50V)	Weak (35V)	Excellent (450V)	Weak (50V)	Excellent (100V)
ESR	Normal	Excellent	Weak	Excellent	Excellent
Dissipation		Excellent		Excellent	Excellent
Ripple current		Excellent		Excellent	Excellent
Reliability		Excellent		Excellent	Excellent
Leakage current	Weak	Weak	Excellent	Weak	Excellent
High Temperature Load Reliability	Excellent	Excellent	Weak	Excellent	Excellent
moisture resistance (8585)	Weak	Weak	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent
Failure Type	Weak (Short)	Weak (Short)	Excellent (Open)	Weak (Short)	Excellent (Open)

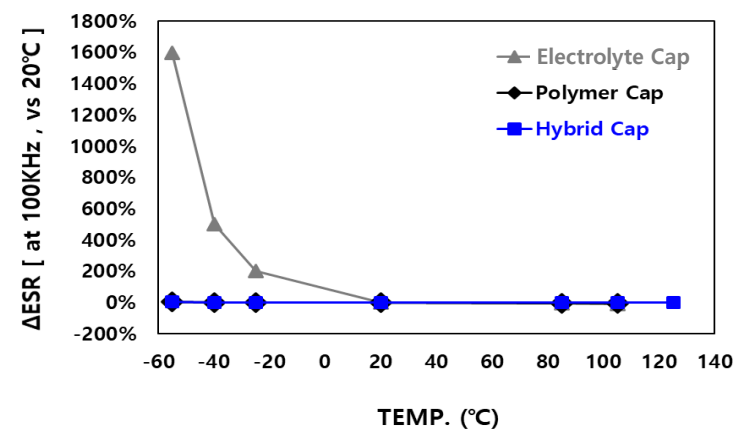
Capacitor comparison



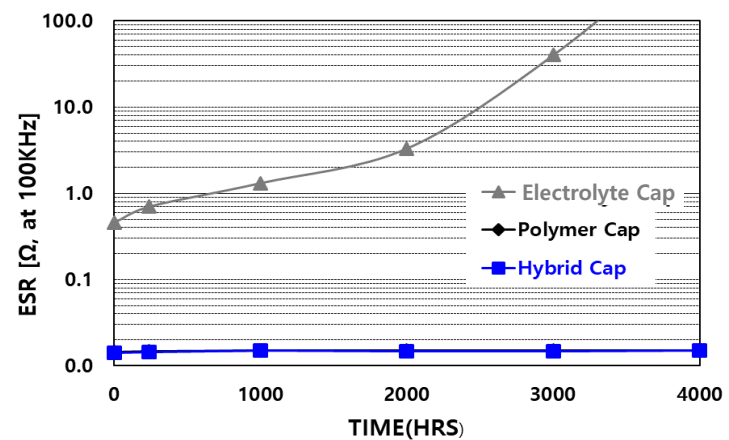
[Frequency Characteristics (ESR)]



[Reliability Characteristics (Capacitance)]



[Temp. Characteristics (ESR)]



[Reliability Characteristics (ESR)]